

Perfect Tenses

Lewis and Clark
Grammar: Spiral Review

The present perfect tense expresses action that ends in the present. The past perfect tense expresses action that was completed in the past before another action. The future perfect tense expresses action that will be completed by a specific time in the future.

Present perfect verbs are formed by adding *has/have* to the past participle of the verb.

Cole has gone to the museum.

Past perfect verbs are formed by adding *had* to the past participle of the verb.

Marco had found the trail by the time the others arrived.

Future perfect verbs are formed by adding *will have* or *shall have* to the past participle of the verb.

They will have finished setting up the tent by noon.

Activity Rewrite each sentence using the present perfect, past perfect, or future perfect tense of the underlined verb.

1. John Muir wanted to protect some of America's natural treasures.
2. Congress already created Yellowstone National Park in 1872 by the time Yosemite was created in 1890.
3. She will go on a camping trip by the end of the year.
4. He explores new trails each time he's visited the park.